Kiaohsien, Shaptung, China Sept. 23, 1947.

Dearest Edith, -

In my last letter I promised to send you a "fuller" report of what we have been through and witnessed. I'm sure Mother has written you about nearly everything, if so, you can just throws within letter away, should you find something that you haven't heard before, you can pass it on to Margaret!!!!!

I should really write this in Swedish, my English being so poor, you would get a better story if I wrote in Swedish, but Egron thinks I ought to write English, so mere it goes and you have to exuse all my misstakes as you always have to do. -

Ever since the Communists got driven out from nere in Aug. 1946 we had some mationalist soldiers in our city. The first group that came was a fine growd. After some time they left our place and were sent to Weinslen. Then we got what they called " the Communication Police" and they were stationed in different places on the railway line between Tsingtao and Weihsien. The Communists were very strong everywhere in the country and ofcourse they would do all they could to destroy the railroad. During the Summer of 1946 they destroyed part here and there and all bridges were blown up, but as soon as the Government's soldiers REARBAREd recaptured Kisonsien and Kaomi the railrod got under repair and the whole line - from Tsingtao to Tsinanwas rebuilt with American material. The Communication police were to protect the new railrof. How did they do it? They made their quarters in the towns, instead of the railroad stations, and they made themselves a merry time: drinking, gambling, stealing and looking for girls and left the railroad to "tae reds". Everybody was fed up with them. They were aterrible set. Egron can will eas to that too, because he had to try to keep them out of our house in Mankuan. He talked and talked but they moved in all the same and went through the boxes threat belonging to Hulda, and stole some of her things too.

As long as the remains of the reilroad went on there were plenty of people on the line, but right after Christmas the line was complect and they were only working at some bridges here and there. Then the "reds" got busy again and sxsyx every night there were parts blown up. The Communication police didn't care. They stayed where they were and had a good time. in the middle of Febr. the line between Tsingtao and Tsinan was open for a week! - but then the big destliction sat in and trains would run only between Tsingtao and Kaomi and a few days later only to Lantsuen, because the bridge over Tag-Ko hos had been blown up. During Febr. the rumours about the communists' drive towards our towns were many and people began to be afraid and many fled to Tsingtao. In a few days our "good" soldiers began to urge the people to leave the city and soon they ordered them out. It was very cold inse those days and the suffering was terrible. The road between Tsingtao and here was crowed as a market street, for days, and many died before they reached T. At Tsanko there was a kind of a gate, everyone was stopped there and asked if they had permit for entering Tsingtao. Ofcourse they had not. Well, then they were not allowed in and out there was no shelter what so ever and lots of people were freezing to death those cold nights. It was terrible with the smaller childern. They got wet and during the nights there clothing was like a girdle of ice and before morbing they were dead. The soldiers ordered the people to leave put Tsingtao did not take them in. Nothing was organized. Later on Tsingtao had to take them in, but they had no where to put them. Each one had to find a place for themselves.

inished. I don't know how it is. We don't have anything to do - no schools or very little mission work - but I keep busy from morning till night. Ofourse I saw and prepare for our trip home, but all the same. We perhaps ileep too much!! It's awful to kmaxmax live like this. Now I hope to write his story down anyhow. With things happening all arround us, from day to day; his will be a never ending story. ----

This was now the last week of Febr. 1947. Johnny was in Kaomi for his chooling and Lally in Tsingtao. Our Chinese students went away like a smoke. he Schools were emptied out in an hour and all running to Tsingtao. Saturay was the first of March and then the Kaomi-car drove up here cramed full f people - the Jansson family, Johnny and some Chinese. They didn't like .o stay in Kaomi. Still we hade the Communication Police here and they told is have they would hold our city etc. During the first week in March we began o understand that our place would certainly also fall into the hands of the ommunists. On the third of March, Marting and I drove in to Tsingtao just or the day to get a few thing settled there. Later in the week Egron deveoped toothache and began to be so swollen in nis face. He had to see the octor about it and we also had letters to the Board and some money-business o do, so we decided to make an other Tsingtaetrip. We understood that we ere facing a time of isolations here. On the 8 of March we started out real arly. As we didn't dare to stay in Tsingtap over ningt, in case any change ould take place here, we had devided up our errands to be able to get back y evening. The travelers were: Egron, Martin, Johnny and myself. When we ent out the city gate just little after 6 o'clock in the mornang, the guardes ere just smiling and waved us away. The day before we had asked them about he Tsingtao road and had gotten the answer that -going east is O.K. e hadn't gone more than perhaps two Chinese li when we saw the telefon lines ere cut. Egron said - the 'reds' hawe been here. We better turn back home.artin said something about the 'redge' always being busy at night and they sually didn't do much during day time. - We went on, Egron murmuring somehing about the 'cut' being too near the city this time. Coming to the first illage a couple of soldiers peeped out through a door. Johnny said - they err communists soldiers, let us go back home quickly! - Martin again relarked that some new soldiers had come up from the south and perhaps they ad uniforms something like the reds. - We wwent on. We did get in to the lext village before we were stopped by some soldiers, and then we understood that we were right in the arms of the communist soldiers !! - Well Egron and lartin had to walk to their Head Quarters while Johnny and I were allowed .o stay in the car. After a while they came back and sad that we were not illowed to go to Tsingtao, but we could return home. Very well, we turned the car and were so thankful to get away from them that quickly. Going past that village there Johnny had seen the soldiers, we now saw some more solliess coming out from the houses. It was still early in the morning. Leaving the village behind us we had only 18 li to Kiaohsien, and we certanly were lappy. But - right across the road they had put up some farmers' tools to linder us from speeding away and looking aside we saw a man throwsking a ed flag up into the air and after that throw himself down on the ground. in ten same minute shots began to whis'le arround us. They shot like mad. gron and Martin Went out of the car and Waved their maga hands over their leads, but they kept on shorting. Johnny and I had gone down on the floor inthe car. I could see how Egron xxix went down into a dich to take cover and I saw a shot just going over his head, so hear it could go without nitting him, and then go into the bank. Still showting they walked up to

bur car. They acted very nervous and yelled at us like mad. Egron told them that their Head Quarters had given us permission to drive back to Kiaohsien. Vell, they didn't listen to that, they said that they had their own Head Quarters and we had to go there. (We understood very well that the man, who gave us the permission to go back home, had phoned these soldiers and told them to capture us.) After some talk they took Egron and wartin along with them and left 5-6 guards with Johnny and me.

The guards were very rule at first and they asked me if I wasn't afraid. I told them that I was not, because I never had been afraid of Chinese and they were Chinese too. That answer pleased them and then Johnny began to speak to them in real Kiaohsien Chinese and they just laughed and had a good time. They are just like children. If you can lead their interest away on something, they just forget why they should be there to washadx wachad you. We waited for two nours and then at last we saw Egron and Martin goming our way, well guarded by soldiers. Right away I understood that they didn't bring good news, and soon Egron had told us that we now were prisoners !!! The car was turned the other way again and with guards on the running board we were taken to the Head Quarters. Next to their house was a small house, 3 rooms, and we were taken to the west room and were well guarded there. We crowded up on the 'kang' but it was so cold. The old lady, who lived in the house, had been so scared during that night when the 'reds' came in, and now, when they brought foregniers to her house as prisoners, she didn't dare to stay at home but ran away. It was a very cold day.

We were quationed the whole day long. One or two soldiers, some of them were Officers, but you can't tell that by their uniform, but they are a little bit more clever and have at least some education. Everybody gave us the same quations. Perhaps they wanted to find out if we gave the same answers or not. They asked us, and we asked them when we could go home. So if went on the whole day and it began to be late afternoon. They were fighting with the city soldiers and we could hear the fight going on. The only answer we got was that it was war and too degerous for us to travel. I went up to one of them, an Officer, and asked as kindly as I could if we wouldn't be allowed to drive home before dark, because we have our old Mother and a small child at home and they were exspecting us home this evening. The only answer I got was a smile and some words about them also having dothers and small childmen at home!!!!

We Abd no food along and in that village was nothing to be had pecause all the people had fled when the soldiers came in. But Mrs. Feng had sent some Chinese bread to her children in Tsingtao and I brought 20 eggs for wally and seeing that we couldn't get home we asked if we could have alittle bit of straw from the yard and make alittle fire. We boiled some eggs and wate some dry bread, but we were not hungry. About 7 o'clock they told is to sleep !!! We tried to make us as comfortable as we could on that hard rang ' - well knowing that it wouldn't be much of sleep, for us. Even though it was dark they kept coming in to our room and flagh a light in our faces and counting: one, two, three, four !!!! In the next house, their Head Quarters, they were having a Conference about us the whole day. ( Here I must tell some thing. When the Mationalists came in here in aug. we had a visit from one of their Officers, who said that ne and his soldiers were on the other side of the river that day when we were taken. They had their spille out, and even in the village where we were kept, and they knew everything about it. He told is that some of the 'reds' wanted to kill us in order to get the car. They talked the whole day about it, but some were against it because we were foreigners, and because of that they compromised, and that I'11 tell you now.)

At ten o'clock a man came in, not an Officer, and told us that we could go home!!!! We haven't traveled at night here in China, perhaps for twenty years, and now, when everything was upside down, we certainly iidn't like to do it. Wexax We aked him if we could stay till towards the norning because we didn't like to travel by night. He went away but came back wither order that we had to go. The reason was - they said - that they were all leaving that village and if new troops came in during the night, we would be taken prisoners by them. In the evening we had withnessed how their spike/came in from different places. It was terrible to be in it, but afterwards you are glad for the experience, because we saw some many 'inside things' during our stay with them. We had to leave, that was all to it.

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We felt very bad about leaving, and felt like we would be walking in to some kind of a trap. It was a cold night and we couldn't get the car started. We heated some water, but the car stood where it staax was and didn't seam to have any intention to move. We also worked very slow because we felt so uneasy about driving away at that hour. It was a moonlight night. Gorgeously bright and wonderful. We wouldn't have to have the lights burning on the car, which was a good thing. We again told the 'reds' that we didn't feel like going, but they said that their soldiers would all be gowing north that night and that they who had been almep the big road had already left. But the car didn't move and our friends left us, and we were just alobe in the outskirts of the village working on the car. The clock was almost 12 at midnight. -Then we saw som shaddows coming up from the roads and the diches towards the village. They walked closed to the houses and walls and kept very quiet. We understood that new troops were coming our way and we also made as little noies as possible. After a few minutes we were all surroundded by soldiers. They were also nervous, had been fighting the whole day, and saw enemies in every aardanxxx corner. We teld them our story, which we thought they all knew before even if they acted differently. I suppose we were very near to be captured again, but one young fellow knew how to drive and ne got interested in the car. Egron told them that if they only would give us a push perhaps we would be able to get away, and talking and playing with the carthey didnot know till the car started and we quickly in to it and drove away. Before we got the car started a man walked up to Egron and said:" You know you shouldn't drive out now. It's very dangerous." - He was a bit older than the rest and looked like a decent fellow.

Passing the first village the guards there didn't stop us. They knew the story !!! I can still feel the movements of the car and also hear the noise from the engine! We felt we would have gone absolutly soundless, but in the stillness of the night that car made such a noise. The Moon spread it's light over the fields and we saw far away over the fields to small villages arround. I don't know if you are able to recall that road at alla. Just 12 lis from our city is atemple with a pagoda. We had just ricked that spot when the shots began to whisle again and this taime much worse than the last. I hadn't been afraid during the whole day and even when they shot at us I sort of had a reassurance that the shots would not hit us, but we hadn't experienced any thing like this last shooting before. Soldiers rushed up from every dich and came running over the fields towards us. Egron and Martin went out again into the shooting and waveing their made hands. Johnny said to me: "Now they'll kill us, Mother." Johnny and I were still in the car and if I ever prayed in ny life it was then, and still I can't understand that we came out of that inferno and back home again. Nothing but a wonderful answer to our prayers. dundreds of shots were fired at us, but none of them were allowed to hit us. Those soldiers were real bandits. They held Egron and martin on the road there while they searched them. Egron lost the golden watch! His precious gift from "ather Rinell. --- While they went on being rude to the men, they took Johnny and me up to the pagoda and we were not allowed to walk, we had to run, as II fast as we could and with their guns in our backs. Coming up to the temple two Officers received us like we would have been their wm very best friends. they had a fire in the middle of the room and they urged us up to the fire and said, in a most kindly voice:" How is it that you are out at night, when fighting is going ont Aren't you cold? Please come right up to the fire! etc." I was talking back to them as nice as I could but tried to keep an maxex eye on the road to faund out what had nampened to the men. The soldiers were busy preparing strechers and I thought that Egron and wartin had been wounded after all. After a while the men came, walking on their own legs, and that was some thing to be thankful for. ( That Officer, who came to tell us all about that lay, he also told us tagt when they couldn't get majority among their own people to kill us, they had finally decided to send us out in the middle of the night and they would short and the whole thing would be an --- accident.) well now this group said that toby had nothing to do with that group who had aeld us prisoners, and because of that they would take us to their Head Quarters and seek how to handle this question. Again Egron and Martin were gone and Johnny and I sitting in the car, well guarded, and waiting, waiting.

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r guards were just very young boys and they soon began to talk to us and they were very hungry they wanted something to eat. we had abit bread ft, that Chinese bread, and they were so pleased. After a while I asked kme em where their Head Guarders were and was told --- 60 lis from here!!!! 11, then our men can't be back before tomorrow I said. The clock was going wards 2, but the night was as bright as a day. Then one of their soldiers me and told our guards that they had order to go north. All were leaving int place. One of them, alittle fellow, perhaps 16-17 yeras old, walked up i me and said in a grim and stern wolce: "If you start the car, since we ve left, ym both you and your son will be shot. Do you understand? "told him to "fang sin" - I had no keys, martin had taken them along, so would be there alright. In my mind I was thinking - who would show us, ' they all had left!!!!! They went and Johnny and I were all alone on the bad. I was so happy to have him along and he was very brave the whole day id as he has a very pleasant way in dealing with people he made friends ith our guards and made the whole situation much easier. Just after two 'clock Egron and Martin turned up, and now I must tell you their story.

Incy had been taken to a village north of the railroad. When they sked where the Head Quarters were, they were told that they had just moved > Kaomi district that day and they had to walk 60 lis - mxax exactly as ir guards had said. Ofcourse our men were not willing to do that and they alked all they could about our xxxxx planned trip to Tsingtao and how we are taken and how we now had gotten the promise of returning home. Then ne of the soldiers said that they had a small Office in the village and a took them there. Coming in there they met two young men and one of them sked if Egron knew Mr. Culpepper of Hwangnisen. when Egrom said hepid, he fellow said: " he was my teacher". Well, that was something to talk bout and after a While he also told Egron that he had, been here in Kiaosien when the Communists came in here 1946 and he knew Agron and also alked about our Schools stc. Talking like that they finally got to the a oint about our trip to T. and 'man-man-dl' Egron asked if they couldn't rant us the permission now to go back to Kiaohsien. They did. Then Egron nd martin wanted escort back to the car, but they were not very willing o give that because they had order to go north. The men insisted on it ny how and they got some guards along, but when they had taken them part of the way they returned leaving the men alone. Egron and martin protested, out they said that all their soldiers had gone now, so they could easily alk alone. That was a terrible feeling for them - walking all alone in this light not knowing if some soldiers were hidden among the graves and bushes. Suddenly they saw a group of mem coming towards them, and they were calling out to Egron and martin asking for the 'watch word' - and they had non --some minutes past, filled of tensness and fark fear. They could hear how they had their guns prepared and in that way they came closer to each other. Egron thinks that that time was the very dangerous moment during our whole trip. What a plessing that Egron was there with his good Chinese! and even this time ha talked till he gots them calm and again our men asked for escort, but they were not willing to give it because they had to go north, but this time they said that nobody would be coming after them, they were the last party.

What a relief to see the men coming! How we did thank the word for his wonderful protection! After that we had to push that old car ( the batteri was too low) for some lis and when we at last got it started we drove up to a village, 3 o'clock in the Msorning, waiting there till about 6 o'clock before we dared to drive near the city. The dity gate was closed with sand bags and on top of the wall our <u>wonderful</u> Communication Police had their guards. They told us to wait a moment and they should take away the sand bags and open the gate for usx. They did and we drove in without them asking us a word about our trip - although it had been fighting going on the day before. They looked as dumb as even. You would think that they should be very eager to know about the situation cast of the city and even wanting to hear where we had spent the time because they must have understood that we couldn't get through to Tsingtao. --- We got home iff the morning before Mother and Anna were up. They had been a bit anxious, but I'thought that we probably didn't make the trip in one day knowing also that & Egron had to see the Dentist. That was Sunday morning.

Monday we heard the fighting going on ouside the city and people had left now, so there were not many left, but still the soldiers were here. In the evening, just as we had our Supper, we head terrible explosione and running out we saw big fires in four different places. Our neighbours filled our yards and everybody was scared to death. Soon we rea-lized that our beloved Comunication Police were destroying their munition and it was a most tremendous noice when all these things exploded. When they had burnt it all up they just walked out through the east gate and left our place to the 'reds'. In the morning we had a new regime here.

Then it began - our long isolation time. For six months we didn't have any mail. Now and then we could get some small notes through to T. our Chinese friends kindly carried them for us, mostly hidden in the broad hems of their clothing. In that way we were also able to get money. We got the money from people here and they could draw it in Tsingtao from our folks there It would be too tiresome for you, should I go in to all the small happenings during those six months. I shall only mention some of it.

The soldiers came all ten/time. They come right in to your house and they came early in the mornig before we were dressed and late at hight they sat here and the whole day long too. One good thing - they didn't come at night. That they did in Chucheng. Matilda said that she hardly undressed for a long time because when they came you had to open right away, other-wise they broke the doors open. Some of the soldiers were very stupid, some were if rude and terrible and some were nice, country boys who just simply came along with the others. We always felt that those soldiers coming from Chuckeng were a bad set. One day a crowd came in. They were aways the soldiers from the chuckeng were to watch and follow them arround. Mother was then living in the downstairs 0 livingroom and she ing had visits all the time. Egron and I had to move arran sarround and 'entertain our guests'. I didn't notice that one of them went upstairs and was very surprised, when I after a while went up to the bedroom, to find one there in front of the mirror. When I came he went away, but out W in the Hall was a great big flod !!! I suppose he wanted to shew his disgrace , and felt that was a good thing to do. I had to laugh, the wall was wet far un and the floor was like allittle lake. --

Egron was wonderful during that time. Those men came in great flocks and Egron received them as they would have been his most beloved friends. He talked to them for hours, and you had to know what you said too, because they had lots of questions to put up. Egron's mind is dick, and it certainly had to be during those days. When they came like that I felt as I would have hike to disapear somewhere, but Egron was wonderful.

Margareta also helped us a great deal. "any of them had never seen that white child before, and they couldn't get over her light hair and then the same time listen to her Chinese. They just marveled and often we felt how they sort of forgot to be rude when "argareta was there. We also thave a pretty bird, it was given to "argazeta by an Officer in the Nationalist army, and that bird also took their interest. Times when Johnny was at home he also helped a lot. There are many small stokies from those days. If I ever get time for it I would like to write them down.

But - even though we had their unpleasant visits, we didn't have to go through what our Chinese friends had to do. All the rich homes, from whom we have had the childern in our Schools, and those families, who had been so friendly and kind to us, were now absolutly looted. We didn't go out very much during those months, but you should have seen the wonderful things, in Chinese furniture and Chinese decorations and beautiful things that were sold out in the market or taken away to Tsingtao! I never thought that this town had anything like it. It was terrible to see how they did it. All the bad neople they could get hold of both in the city and from the country, helped to rob and steal. The communists themselves first took what they wanted, as gold and things like that, and then the mob could take the rest. Most of the rich people had left before the Communists came in, but some were still nere and some of them were killed. I could talk on here for a long time about those things, but I'll just mention a little episode that happened here just before Christmas. - One day a young, nicelooking fellow came in here and asked if we had seen his Mother. He went all over the yard and even came in to the kitchen. He said that he had dreamed about her Mother that wig night and that she would be in our garden, because here it was <u>nice and warm</u>, he said. - That boy was the only son of a rich couple here in town. His father was beheaded and had to be burried without his head, which is something terrible for a Chinese, and they also killed his wife. The son went crazy when he saw these things happening and now he is walking arkound herelooking for his Mother and also talking about that they never did find his father's head. This is only ONE story. They are hundreds of them. -

As you know we have and houses so scattered here in K. it was a great job for Egron to look aften each place. We have 8 different places, and Egron ran like a watch dog between those places. The soldiers wanted to live in the houses or to go in and have a look etc. etc. I think those months were much harder on Egron than ordinary School work, even if he carries doubble as much as anybody else would do. Just the feeling that you didn't know what they would find out to do to you the next minute, was an awful tenseness. In the beginning of July we saw the 'reds' run like rats and the Nationalists tropps coming in. What a joy! But after 6 days we saw the Nationalists run and the ireds' coming back. Thousands of people had come back from Tsingtao during those days. Now they nad to run again. Such a signt! It was raining like the skys would be open, and people wading in the mud to get away from here again. An other months brought the Natianalists back again and then they stayed here to the 21 of nov.

And that brings us up to this time. We had lots of soldiers here during the Autuan. we also heard that the Communists were very strong arround here, but we hoped that the "ationalists wouldn't give up this place again after fixing the walls etc.and always talking about how important this place was for Tsingtao and so on. But we were told that several of the tows were left by the Nationalists, and soon people began to leave from here and Kaomi in great numbers. The soldiers were still here and kept telling us that this ' place they would hold, whatsover. On the 16 th of nov. we began a weeks meetings here led by a young pastor wang from Tsingtao. He stayed with us. He is such a nice fellow, well educated and speaks good Ebyligh and is as a Chinese young man when he is as best. We had good meetings, and had even our Schools going again and felt like coming back to normal again. About Tuesday, Nednesday that week our students began to leave for Tsingtao and the people from the city left in crowds. Still the soldiers said they would not leave. ir. Wang had to be back in Tsingtao Friday night and I was to take him in. Thursday nearly all our people had left and we asked Mr. Wang what he would I like to do. well, he said that as long as the soldiers were still here, he ilso could wait till friday. Friday morning we found the evacuation going on ind were told that the troops had begun as early as 3 o'clock in the morning. that should we do with our guest! we quickly had some breakfast and at the table we said that we would bring him over the river, because then he would be on the 'safe side' and we could get back here before the 'reds' came in. Igron didn't like me to go alone, when things were as they were, so he came along too. It took us 1 HOUR to the east gate!! The roads were blocked with ivillians, soldiers and militarie cars and --- wheelbarrows and everything slse. Mr. Wang knew how to drive; and as we were going out to the gate we inderstood it would be impossible for us to be able to go out 30 lis and then return before our new set up would be in. We asked Mr. Wang if he was willing to drive the car himself. Yes, he was, but was afraid of all the people, he thought they would just load him down. Egron quickly ran out and got hold of en Officer - we were just in the middle of six militaris trucks - and he as willing to take the responsibillity for our car and he had two ladies

and a body guard whom he took over to our car. Egron and I walked back -

Later we heard about Mr. "angs trip. They had driven very slowly, the oads being filled of people, and then they came to the river. Three big trucks ent first on the bridge and after that came our Ford and so three more trucks. ell on the bridge the first truck went absolutly dead. They did what they ould, but the old thing would not start. What should they do! They already heard some shooting behind them and the soldiers wanted to get over and after hat dstroy the bridge. After taking it over they all helped pushing the ruck into the river - and after that they drive away to Tsingtao. In the afternoon we had some 'reds' here. Just bandites. For three days

In the afternoon we had some 'reds' here. Just bandits. For three days hose bandits kept coming here and trying to get things. Sunday morning they ame to get the car!!! We told them it was in Tsingtao. They ordered us to pen the Garage - and then they saw that it was true. They told Egron to open scar's store room, but he talked them away from it. They took all our takefs elephones (5 of them.) and said that they would go through all our rooms in the compound etc. (They never had time for that though.) Those bandits had hree days here before the real troops came in. Evidently they were sent here o take things they needed before the army got in. I was so scared that time o I felt as I couldn't stay here. Perhaps I got a bit too much last Spring ind I felt my heart beating and my whole being just sick when those bandits ame in here. But I had to stay and I prayed that the Lord should take my ear away, otherwise I couldn't do a thing and would evin have been aburden for gron. I didn't sleep, was just waiting for them to come in etc. But I prayed ind got a wonderful answer. All my fear went away and now I don't mind a bit eing here.

Telling about how we have now, we must say that we have it much better han last time they were here. They don't come very often to see us and those ho have been here have been polite and O.K. Perhaps a couple of them have een a bit rude, but the whole they have been good to us. Their great leader has also given out some kind of proclamation now telling his people to behave nd it looks like they are changing their tactic a good deal.

Everybody is waiting now to see what the other side will do. I'm sorry o say that we have not gotten very good impressions of the "ationalist either, hina is in a terrible mess. Still we prefere the Mationalist to the 'reds' il the same. We know that they are friendly towards us and we have it much asier when they are here, "the road" ophe to T. e.tc. But the people suffer homsoever guverns this place.

You know by letter from Mother that wally and Johnny were able to pend opristmas at nome. we were so nappy because of that. Their trip home ent O.K. but they got into the middle of fighting just before they crossed he river. The bridge is no more, but now there is ice so therefore bridges verywhere!! That makes it very easy for the soldiers on both sides!! wartin ook the cirld dyn by car as far as he dared to go, and after that they went on heelbarrow. Coming down to the river a group of 'reds' had opened fire at Ome kind of soldiers and people coming from Tsing tao came right into the line. ally said that they threach themselves down on the ground, but the soldiers rged them to move on and get over the river. They didn't even have time to otice that Lally and Johnny were "whites"!!! When they lay the As flat in the and they saw a man falling down. People whom walked that way later found him sad. He had gotten a shot through his head. Egron met them by the river and wo bandits get hold of nom and taking him to be an American, and that is the iggest crime now adays. They said that they could see on his hair that he as Amercan!!!! Egron had permit and everything for his trip, but they couldn't ead!!! Such a mess. They were very rude and prepared their guns and like that. . think it was Johnny Walking up and firing of some Kiaohsien-'to-wha' that ased the situation. When Lally and Johnny went back to Tsingtao they didn't ant Egron to go along with them. They went alone with a servant. Also that ime they heard somefighting, but were just passed that very place and came hrough O.K. Well, I must stop my talk. It's a never ending story, but you ust get tired of it all. We are thankful for the Lord's protection and help during these dagerous times.

Kiaohsien Jan. 7, 1948. Gerda R.